

Qu'Appelle Progress.

Vol I, No. 31.

QU'APPELLE, ASSIN. JUNE 11, 1886.—SIX PAGES.

Price Five Cents.

Legal.

LESLIE GORDON,
NOTARY PUBLIC, CONVEYANCER,
COMMISSIONER FOR MANITOBA, &c.
Agent for Canada North West Land Co.
and Qu'Appelle Town Site.
Fire & Life Insurance. MONEY TO LEND.
QU'APPELLE STATION, N.W.T.

C. C. BAILEY,
PRACTICAL WATCH MAKER & JEWELLER.
Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Etc.,
—REPAIRED.—
ALL WORK WARRANTED
Opposite the Postoffice Office.
Qu'Appelle, June 11, 1886.

Lime for Sale.

Apply to
W. C. J. KNOWLER,
Whitewood, May 28, 1886.

JOHN R. BUNN,
CONTRACTOR IN
PLASTERING.
KALSOMINING.
Brickwork and Stencork.
QU'APPELLE STATION.

BARB WIRE!

JUST RECEIVED a carload of BARB
FENCING WIRE, which I am selling
CHEAP FOR CASH.
S. R. EDWARDS, Agent.
Qu'Appelle, June 3, 1886.

J. H. MacCAUL,
DEALER IN

LUMBER,
SASH,
DOORS,

BUILDING PAPER, Etc., Etc.
OFFICE AND YARD NEAR C. P. R.
STATION, QU'APPELLE.
Qu'Appelle, May 28, 1886.

TENDERS.

Time extended one Week.
TENDERS will be received by the under-
signed, up to
THE 10th JUN 8, 1886,
for the erection of a

DWELLING HOUSE.

STOREHOUSE, OFFICE, STABLE AND
Carpenter's and Blacksmith's Shop,
for the Indian Department, on the Battle
River, near the Calgary and Edmonton
trail.
Tenders in the Edmonton District should
address their tenders to the Indian Com-
missioner, Edmonton; and, others to the Indian
Commissioner, Regina.
Some material, in logs, boards, etc., will
be furnished by this Department; and par-
ticulars with regard thereto may be obtained
at the Indian Affairs Office, Edmonton; or at
the N. W. M. Police Barracks, Calgary; or at
this Office; at which several Offices, plans
and specifications of the buildings may be
seen, and information in connection there-
with obtained.
Each tender must be accompanied by a
security deposit of five per cent. of the
amount of the tender, either in the form of
an accepted cheque, payable to my order, or
in cash.
The lowest or any tender not necessarily
accepted.

E. DEWDNEY,
Commissioner.

The time for receiving tenders for the
above has been extended to the 17th June,
1886.

Indian Office,
Regina, May 28, 1886.

NOTICE.

THE COURT OF DIVISION FOR THE MUNICIPALITY OF INDIAN HEAD.

will be held at the Commercial Hotel Indian
Head at 10 o'clock, a.m., on
SATURDAY, JUNE 19TH, 1886.
GEORGE THOMPSON, Clerk.

FOR SALE.

A TEAM OF PONIES,
(GOOD WORKERS);
AND
FARM IMPLEMENTS.

J. B. GRAHAM,
AT PROGRESS OFFICE,
Qu'Appelle, May 28, 1886.

SPRING COULIE

School District No 59.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that
it is intended by the Trustees of Spring
Coulie Protestant Public School District No.
59 of the North West Territories to here-
after for the term of seven years, by Deben-
ture the sum of FIVE HUNDRED DOL-
LARS on the security of the said District.
For FURTHER INFORMATION, DETAILS of
this sum for the purpose of erecting School
buildings and ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS
for the purpose of furnishings.
Voting on the above will take place at the
residence of Alexander Neill, Sec. 22,
Tp. 18 Range 11, West of the second principal
Meridian 100.

SATURDAY, JUNE 12th, 1886,

between the hours of 10 a.m. and 4 p.m.
The qualification of voters is expressed in
the following oath, which persons desiring
to vote must take at the time.
"I do solemnly swear I am a bona
fide ratepayer of Spring Coulie Protestant
Public School District No. 59; that I have
paid the school taxes assessed against me on
the last revised assessment roll of the
district; that I am of the full age of twenty-
one years; that I am not an alien or unem-
ployed Indian; that I have not before-
hand at this election; and that I have not
received any reward either directly or indi-
rectly nor have I any hope of receiving any
reward for voting at this time and place.
So help me God."

A. D. McDONALD,
DANIEL RAILTON, Trustees.

WM. D. HARVEY, Chairman.

McLEAN.

Protestant Public School District
No. 61, of the N. W. Territories.

NOTICE is hereby given that a meeting
of the ratepayers of the above District
will be held at the residence of J. B. Davis,
S.W. 1/4 Sec. 18, Tp. 18, R. 15.

SATURDAY, JUNE 26th, 1886.

For the purpose of taking a vote on the
proposition of the Board of Trustees
viz: they propose to borrow by Deben-
ture the sum of SIX HUNDRED DOL-
LARS for TEN YEARS at the rate of 4%
per cent interest per annum such money
to be expended in the erection of a School
House to cost about \$4500.00 in furnishing
same at a cost of about \$1500.00.

A special meeting of the ratepayers will
also be held at the same time and place for
the election of a school site.
The poll will be open from 10 o'clock a.m.
until 4 o'clock p.m.

The qualification of voters is expressed in
the following oath:

"I do solemnly swear that I am a bona
fide ratepayer of McLean Protestant
Public School District No. 61; that I have
paid the school taxes assessed against me
on the last revised assessment roll of the
district; that I am of the full age of twenty-
one years; that I am not an alien or unem-
ployed Indian; that I have not before-
hand at this election; and that I have not
received any reward either directly or indi-
rectly nor have I any hope of receiving any
reward for voting at this time and place.
So help me God."

J. B. DAVIS,
Sec. to Board of Trustees.

McLean, May 12th, 1886.

NOTICE OF HERD LAW.

NOTICE is hereby given that after the
expiration of four weeks from the date
of the publication of this notice applica-
tion will be made to the Lieutenant-Governor
for the creation of the following area of
lands to wit: Township 17 & 18, Range
11 West of 2nd P. M. line & Herd District
under the provisions of the Herd Ordinance
of 1881.

Saskatoon, May 12th 1886.

By order,
A. DEGENHART,
DAVID E. LITTON,
J. CALSON,
H. A. PARTIDGE &c.

First published Weekly of May, A.D.
1886.

WOLSELEY.

—Before leaving Wolseley Rev.
Geo. Evans was presented with a
purse by the friends of the Presby-
terian church, with the request that
he would procure with the money
Jameson's, Fausset's and Brown's
commentaries. Since he arrived at
Broadview he has received them
with the inscription beautifully exe-
cuted in colored penwork.

COUNCIL MINUTES.

At a special meeting held at
Wolseley on the 25th ult, called in
accordance with a resolution passed
at the last regular meeting of the
Council, the chairman reported that
the Lieutenant-Governor had agreed
to recommend the granting of a
bonus of from \$1,000 to \$1,500 on a
contract being entered into to grind
for the Indian Department on the
terms of the bylaw and would be
prepared to meet representative of
the Council on the following day to
discuss the matter.

Moved by Coun. Nimmans se-
conded by Coun. Jolly that the offer
of the Lieutenant-Governor be accepted,
and that such grant be added to the
bonus.—Carried.

Moved by Coun. Hall seconded
by Coun. Fleming that the mill be
proceeded with in terms of bylaw
with grant added, and that in the
event of Dill & Co. refusing to pro-
ceed that tenders be called for.

Moved in amendment by Coun.
Jolly seconded by Coun. Nimmans,
that the capacity of mill be in-
creased to 75 barrels and that in
addition to amount of bonus as in-
creased by grant of Lieutenant-Governor
that the Municipality agree to sup-
ply water to the mill, that the mill-
ing company be given a contract
to lay on water for the town of
Wolseley for the sum of \$1,000,
and be granted the use of such
water for 20 years at a rate of 25cts.
per annum, that Dill & Co. be of-
fered the above terms and if de-
clined that tenders be called for.

Yeas and nays called for. There
appeared for amendment Councillors
Nimmans, Hall and Jolly, against
the Chairman and Coun. Fleming.
The amendment was accordingly
carried.

Mr. Dill having been heard, ex-
pressed the willingness of the firm
to proceed on these terms.

Moved by Coun. Hall seconded
by Coun. Fleming, that the Chair-
man and Clerk proceed to Regina
to-night and enter into contract
with the Lieutenant-Governor as to
grant, and Dill & Co. for the erec-
tion of mill and elevator.

It was resolved that the subject
to the advice of the solicitor as to
detail, the following be the terms
on which they were authorized to
make contracts, and in the event of
Dill & Co. declining that they call
for tenders. Mill to be 75 barrel
capacity, other conditions as in by-
law, Municipal mill to be 30 bus.
water to be laid on for town for
\$1,000; millers to have contract,
and to have use of water; such
right not to be exclusive for 20
years at a rate of 25cts. per annum;
To accept offer of Lieutenant-Governor
and enter into agreement; full
power of inspection to be given to
the Council by expert or any per-
son appointed by the Council as re-
gards machinery, building and flour;
millers to give security.

The Council adjourned to last
Saturday in June.

The announcement has been made
that passengers will shortly be car-
ried from Liverpool to Vancouver in
less than ten days—in six days from
Liverpool to Halifax and in ninety
hours from Halifax to Vancouver,
via the International and the Canadian
Pacific. What do those who
asserted the impossibility of building
the C. P. R. think of this?

MAJOR BELL'S SCHEMES.

Major Bell, of the famous Bell
farm, is at the Queen's on a short
visit to the city. "Everything on
the farm looks splendid at present,"
he said. Its perfect in fact. I
never in any previous year saw
anything to equal the condition of
the crops at this season. I expect
wheat will be headed out in two
weeks.

"What about the proposed agri-
cultural college?"

"Well, Prof. Tanner who is to
have charge of it is now in England
to obtain students. We expect to
have about fifty students, so that it
will be quite a large institution.
Prof. Tanner and an assistant will
conduct the college and instruction
will be given in practical and
theoretical farming. A small sum
will be charged students to cover
actual expenses. I feel sure it will
be a great success and will be the
means of inducing many young
Englishmen and others to come to
this country and settle, after re-
ceiving a thorough training in the
college."

"I noticed in the Sun last night,"
continued the Major, "a paragraph
about a man in Texas who was
starting a buffalo ranch, and it was
referred to as a novel and excellent
idea. I was specially interested in
it, as a number of us are now form-
ing a joint stock company to start a
buffalo ranch near Winnipeg. We
have purchased Capt. Redson's herd
of buffalo, and intend to establish a
fancy stock farm. We will get
some three or four hundred cattle
and cross them with buffalo, and
will also bring to the country a
large number of thoroughbred
cattle."—Sun.

EDMONTON.

From the Bulletin.

—E. Roswell lost his two stallions
by fire on Monday last.

—J. Coleman lost his stable by
fire on Friday of last week.

—Presbyterian churches are being
erected at Clover Bar and Fort Sas-
katchewan, which are stations con-
nected with the Edmonton congre-
gation. Those churches are to be
heat and commodious log buildings,
and they are to be completed in the
early part of the summer. An In-
dian mission school has also been
established on the Stoney Plain Re-
serve.

—A rumor is current among the
Indians of this district from Victoria
to Lac Ste. Anne that the Indians
of the south are preparing for an
outbreak in the near future in which
they are to be assisted by Fenians
and others south of the line. In-
dians from this district are expected
to join them and it is said that it
was in order to do so that Bob-
Tail's band left their reserve. The
program is to attack McLeod, Cal-
gary and Regina at first, leaving the
Saskatchewan country to be taken
at leisure. The majority of the In-
dians here do not express any de-
sire to join in the movement.

—We are sorry to learn, says a Lon-
don paper, that a German chemist
has succeeded in making a first rate
brandy out of sawdust. We are
a friend of the temperance move-
ment, and we want it to succeed;
but what chance will it have when
a man can take a rip saw and go
out and get drunk with a fence rail?
What is the use of a prohibitory
liquor law if a man is able to make
brandy smashes out of the shingles
on his roof, or if he can get delirium
tremens by drinking the legs of his
kitchen chair? You may shut an
inmate out of a gin shop, and
keep him away from taverns, but
if he can become uproarious on
boiled sawdust and desiccated win-
dow-sill, any effort at reform must
necessarily be a failure.

PRINCE ALBERT.

Times.

On Saturday Captain Perry fined
a man \$53 for having whiskey in
his possession.

The foundation of the Court
House will be commenced on Mon-
day morning next.

A cable ferry is to be placed on
the South Branch, a short distance
west of St. Laurent.

A substantial ferry has been
placed on the South Branch by
Charles Nolin directly opposite his
residence.

The river commenced to rise on
Saturday night last, and has con-
tinued to rise ever since, consider-
ably earlier than last year.

H. T. McPhillips, assistant in-
spector of weights and measures,
arrived in town on Saturday even-
ing last from Edmonton.

A fire has been raging in the
forest across the river for some days.
It is a pity that timber which would
be valuable in a few years should
be thus destroyed.

An effigy of a resident of Wapella
was dragged through the town and
afterwards burned amidst the cheer-
ing of a large, indignant crowd. The
man suspected to have assisted the
police to catch one of our hotel-
keepers for selling liquor.

Ottawa, June 4.—It is under-
stood that Beatty failed to make the
necessary deposit and the North-
west Central charter has lapsed.
The securities put up in New York
were not satisfactory. It is stated
that two offers have been made to
the Government to build the road
for the land grant, Macdonald &
Preston being one firm. They grad-
ed the present road bed from Mc-
Laurie to Rapid City.

Ottawa, June 3.—Before Parlia-
ment adjourned yesterday and while
the vote appropriating \$25,000 for
military works and defenses in
British Columbia was being taken
Sir Adolphe Caron explained that
the object of the measure was to
provide extensive earthworks and
other military defenses, and would
cost in all about \$100,000. The
Imperial Government proposed to
furnish the guns, torpedoes, etc.,
which would cost from \$125,000 to
\$150,000. The purpose which the
Imperial Government had in view
was to make Victoria and Esquimaux
Imperial stations on the Pacific
Ocean. A graving dock is now
being constructed at Esquimaux, for-
wards which the Imperial Govern-
ment contributes \$250,000. When
these works are finished Esquimaux
will be one of the most important
military stations of the Empire.

London, June 5.—The Standard
this morning says: "It is not to be
doubted that Mr. Bayard will avoid
a precipitation of offensive action on
the fisheries question. There is cer-
tainly no desire in London, and we
believe there is none in Washington,
to involve the two nations in a
quarrel over a rather trifling dispute
between Atlantic fishermen. How-
ever, while the treaty of 1818 re-
mains in force Canadians have a
perfect right to demand its observ-
ance. It is not supposable that
Canadians will yield up their valu-
able rights without some equivalent
concessions by both sides are neces-
sary. The matter does not concern
England directly, but England is
bound to show firmness and decision.
The Canadians look to us for sup-
port, and they ought to receive it.
We would rather not have had the
dispute, but we cannot help our-
selves, and anything is better than
leaving a colony to believe that she
cannot rely upon Great Britain."

Publisher's Notice.

OUR RATES.

Subscription price: \$1.00 per annum, in advance; single copies 5 cents.

The rates for our advertising space by contract are as follows:

	One week.	One month.	Three months.	One year.
One column	\$10.00	\$25.00	\$60.00	\$200.00
Half column	5.00	12.50	30.00	100.00
Quarter column	2.50	6.25	15.00	50.00
Three inches	1.00	2.50	6.00	20.00
Two inches	.50	1.25	3.00	10.00

Business cards \$1.00 per month payable quarterly.

The above rates do not apply to auction sales, entertainments, tenders, meetings, legal notices, or anything of a transitory nature. Transient advertisements, 10 cents per line first insertion, 5 cents per line each additional insertion. Yearly advertisements allowed to be changed monthly, if offered \$1.00 will be charged for each additional change.

Business locals, 50 cents for first twenty-five words, 2 cents for each additional word. The publisher reserves the right to refuse to insert advertisements of a questionable or objectionable character.

Address, JAMES WEIDMAN, Qu'Appelle Station, Assin. E. J. WEIDMAN, Proprietor.

HOME RULE DEFEATED.

Mr. Gladstone's Home Rule Bill has been defeated in the British House of Commons by a majority of thirty votes. It is really surprising that the Bill got so many supporters among 652 members. Home rule is after all only a matter of sentiment. It should make no difference whether Ireland is governed from London or Dublin. There are questions of far more practical importance to Ireland than the establishment of an Irish Legislature, which cannot deal with questions that are really grievances, such as instance as the land laws. The proposed Home Rule Bill would not have given the Irish Parliament power to deal with the landlords, and without power to remove the greatest injustice under which Irishmen are labouring what would be the use of Home Rule? An Irish Legislature would not relieve the tenants of paying rents, nor prevent evictions by the owners of the land. It does seem to be a political farce to propose such a measure when the people are suffering by the constant drain of the landlordism of the country. Why does not one party or the other take hold of the land question and deal with it in such a way as to leave the Irish without the vestige of a complaint? Then the establishment of a farcical petty parliament would not be asked for. But so long as the present landlord system continues and the unjust oppression under which the poorer classes suffer, so long will there be trouble in governing the country either with or without Home Rule. The indications are, however, that the principle will be long obtain, and it is to be hoped it may be the means of bringing such pressure to bear upon the Imperial Parliament as will cause them to legislate away these causes of the Irish agitations. Until such time the people will not be satisfied or contented whether they have Home Rule or not.

The local freight rates on the Canadian Pacific Railway have been reduced about fifteen per cent. The reduction has been made at the request of Winnipeg wholesale dealers, and will be a great advantage to country merchants dealing with that city. The C. P. R. Company have always shown a laudable desire to meet the wants of the country, and have not shown such a grasping spirit as some of the monopolies across the line.

The Ottawa Citizen says that the best Northwest wheat now brings 25 cents per bushel more than any other wheat, and it is in universal demand. It is a wheat which has been raised in a better soil than that

Correspondence.

(Our columns are open to all provided the subject matter is of public interest, and proper language is used, but in no case do we hold ourselves responsible for the opinions expressed by correspondents.)

TO THE EDITOR OF THE PROGRESS:

SIR,—It is reported on the street that Messrs. Thompson & Nelson are supplying the Council with lumber. Is this a fact? and if so, by what authority does Thomas T. Thompson sit in the Council and vote money into his own pocket? After seeing the large sums that those men succeeded in abstracting from the Treasury of our Municipality last year, I, for one, feel that it is certainly high time that our Municipal matters are conducted on a different principle; and if there is anything in the Municipal Ordinance whereby the ratepayers can be protected from this kind of double dealing, you will confer a favor on your readers by pointing it out to them. The sudden tumble in the price of lumber has opened the people's eyes, and if private individuals can purchase lumber at \$21.50 per 1000 ft., why should the Municipality pay \$30.00 or \$35.00? This is not a personal matter, it is a public question, a question that should be discussed in a friendly spirit, and one which we are all interested in. The sooner this kind of conduct is stamped out the better. Hoping to hear your views on the matter or that of some of your correspondents, I remain yours, etc.,

RATEPAYER.

To the Editor of the Progress.

SIR,—A correspondence appears in the last issue of your paper over the signature of A. M. McLane which renders it almost imperative on my part again to take up the defence of the present Municipal Council of South Qu'Appelle, of which I am a member, and especially of myself as very strong illusions are made in reference to my doings in that Council if you will kindly allow me space in your columns to do so.

I may state that it was not through a desire to become a newspaper correspondent that I undertook to defend the Council of 1886 against a number of charges that were not correct, consequently I signed the communication which appeared in your issue of the 28th ult. "One of the Council." Now, however, as it seems to be very well understood that I was the author, and notwithstanding the tirade of the Great I am, A. M. McLane against it, I do not think I need be ashamed of it or to fear the result of a controversy with him on the points at issue. I with my empty head and he with his large well filled head and (I am ready to admit it is thoroughly occupied with a conglomeration of rubbish that I pity any poor head large or small to be obliged to carry) I will therefore subscribe to this correspondence my proper name, acknowledging that I was the author of what seems to have raised his ire to such an elevated pitch.

It seems strange to me, and I think will to the public, that the attack made on the present council in your issue of the 21st ult., should have been allowed to pass unnoticed by Mr. McLane and this fact leads me to suspect that he had a good deal to do with the concocting of what it contained, which I considered it my duty to correct and I am somewhat confident that my last signed "One of the Council" did fully correct the erroneous statements of the paragraph to which it referred—to your satisfaction and that of the public generally and placed the blame of the confused state of municipal affairs in the Municipality of South Qu'Appelle on the parties to whom it belongs, viz: the council and municipal officers of the two previous years, and I now state fearlessly of successful contradiction that it was mainly through neglect of duty on the part of the Chairman. One of his duties being to "inspect and report to the council on the conduct of the officers of the municipality," this is a part of his duty that he has neglected in connection with the present Council so far as I know. Another duty is to make such

recommendations as will tend to the improvement of the finances of the Municipality." This also I think I will be borne out by the rest of the Council in stating he has neglected, and from what I learned from one who was a prominent and efficient member of the council of the past two years and is the same of the present council, that the chairman did not attend to either of the above duties in connection with that body, though this same Council stated he had repeatedly urged the adoption of a better system of keeping the accounts of the Municipality, and yet it was neglected, and consequently the present difficulty in auditing and making a correct report of the financial standing of the Municipality. Mr. McLane starts out with the statement that I attempted to cast reflections on the council of 1884-85. I think I clearly brought home to them neglect of duty in not furnishing the necessary books for the keeping of the accounts of the Municipality in proper shape. The Clerk and Treasurer should to a certain extent be exonerated when it is a well known fact they were not furnished the necessary machinery for the purpose of keeping of the accounts. He also states that my last terms with falsehoods and misrepresentations but I fail to discover when he has proved either one or the other and I fully believe that you and every ratepayer reading his tirade will also fail to find a single proof of the assertion and I leave you and the public to place the proper brand upon it, and I feel quite sure the time will come when he will find that assertion will not be accepted as proof and I consider the poor fellow degrades himself by making assertions he cannot prove.

He also states that my last "displays an amount of ignorance of the working of Municipal Councils such as are only found in the conceited and empty head of the writer." If I am very conceited I think I may safely say "ditto" brother McLane as I have often heard it remarked that the great "and" A. M. McLane is the most conceited and self opinionated man known in the section of the country in which he lives. The charge of an empty head I will not attempt to palliate but leave it to the public to judge.

Again he asserts that "though I am a member of the finance committee I know no more about the financial standing of the Municipality than the man in the moon." That I attended one meeting of that committee for about two hours and did nothing only look at Mr. Thompson do the work." I admit Mr. Thompson did a very important part of the work and proved himself a most efficient man, and he had somewhat the advantage of Mr. Davidson and myself having been on the same committee of the previous year and being the chairman of our committee he took the lead in the work. The public will notice that Mr. McLane leaves the impression that Mr. Thompson did all the work as he asserts I did nothing and he does not mention any other member of the committee doing anything thereby ignoring the services of Mr. Davidson who worked just as faithfully as Mr. Thompson and very much credit is due to him for the active part he took and I think the work lasted for about six hours, and does Mr. McLane mean to state that I sat all that time doing nothing? yes, he did make that statement and it is too palpable to need contradiction. I am satisfied that not a single man will give the statement credence for the slightest shade of truth. The finance committee did all they could on that occasion without some explanations from the Treasurer, and at my request my colleagues Thompson and Davidson kindly released me from further trouble and promised to see the Treasurer and get the explanation required. That the chairman of the committee did not call on me again is true, what his reason was I cannot say, except that he and Mr. Davidson promised to do the work remaining in connection with the collector's rolls and treasurer's book without me. He states Mr. Thompson spent days on the accounts himself, so it would appear he did not call on Mr. Davidson either, now I do

not think Mr. T. would consider Mr. Davidson a useless man, whatever he might think of me, and if the state of the accounts was so bad that it took Mr. Thompson, a good accountant, several days after what had been done at the meeting of the committee to satisfy himself as to the true financial position it must have been bad indeed, and does Mr. McLane mean to deny that it must have been owing to some neglect of the council and municipal officers of the two previous years that the accounts should be found in such bad shape at the commencement of the present year? yes, he does deny it, and I ask what estimate is to be placed on the veracity of such a man.

Another statement he makes is that I appear to be wholly ignorant of the meaning of sections 167, 168 and 169 of Ordinance No. 2 of 1885. I am not, neither am I ignorant of the fact that the requirement of the first section was duly fulfilled by the council or of the fact that the auditor who was appointed is a competent man and that in a short time he laid before the committee a report which from the data supplied him was quite correct and in business-like shape, but when all the accounts and rolls were examined it was found to be incomplete and could not be adopted that auditor declined having anything further to do with it stating that the accounts were in such a confused shape he could not spare the time from his business to bother further with it, and another auditor was appointed and up to a late date he was unable to arrive at a satisfactory report. At last meeting of the council his report was presented and the committee recommended the council to adopt it though not yet quite complete but considering it would meet and satisfy the wishes of the public, the defects being minor, and the auditor is requested to make a supplementary report at next meeting of the council.

He refers to my ignorance of the collector's roll of 1884 and asks why I did not say anything about it. If I will go back to the paragraph which in my last I attempted to reply to, he will see that there is no mention made of the 1884 roll, and I referred to nothing but what I found there and because I did not, is no evidence that I am ignorant on any part of other points in the Municipal Ordinance, and it is a display of ignorance on his part to refer to any point which is irrelevant to the subject or question under discussion, viz: whether the present council or the council and municipal officers of the past two years are to be blame for the confused state of municipal affairs, I hold it is not due to the present council in any shape and if it is I ask what individual is more to blame than the chairman.

One thing more which I wish to refer to is the incorrect quotations he makes from my last which displays a dishonesty and meanness beyond description, one quotation is that I say the present assessor had done his work reasonably well now sir, I made no such statement which will be found by referring to my last, I did state that "I had reason to believe the present assessor had done his work fairly well" you will see how different the two statements are.

I will now conclude by referring to his closing paragraph which shows that the contents of the head must have been badly muddled when he states he would not have replied "If he had been only personally attacked but as the council of which he is the head has been attacked, he deems it his duty to pen the reply." Now sir, I did not attack him nor the council of which he is the head, but have been doing my best to defend that body, and in doing so, I have been obliged to charge back on him and the council and municipal officers of the past two years of which he was the head. In regard to what he has stated about the present council, I have only to state that he puts me in mind of the bird that fails its own nest, and when he writes again I advise him to draw on the common sense ingredient of the conglomeration contained in his full head, so that I may

be able to speak better of him next time.

Yours &c., THOS. WRIGHT.

THE FISH FIGHT.

Washington, June 4.—The secretary of the navy says that the vessels of the North Atlantic Squadron have been under orders for several days to prepare for sea. They will go eastward, as usual, and report for further orders at Portland, Maine. They will visit the fisheries under instructions from the Department, and it is hoped will help to allay rather than increase the existing antagonism.

In the House to-day Mr. Boutelle, of Maine, introduced a bill relating to the duties on fish. It repeals and strikes from the free list the paragraphs providing for the free importation of fish, fresh for immediate consumption, "fish sounds or fish bladders, fish tongues, cod sounds, lake sounds, fish skins and shrimps or other shell fish. Under schedule G provisions it increases the duty on mackerel from 1 to 2 cents per pound; on herring, pickled or salted, from 1 to 1 cent per pound; on salmon pickled or other fish pickled in barrels, and salted cod sounds, from 1 to 2 cents per pound; on foreign caught fish, imported or otherwise than in barrels or half barrels, whether fresh, smoked, dried, salted or pickled, not specially enumerated or provided, from 50 cents to 81 per hundred pounds; on anchovies and sardines in boxes, increased from 10, 5 and 2 1/2 cents per box to 15, 7 1/2 and 4 cents per box; when imported in any other form than in tin boxes, increased from 40 to 50 per cent. ad valorem. The paragraph providing for a duty on tins containing free fish is stricken out. The duty on fish preserved in oil other than anchovies and sardines is increased from 30 to 40 per cent. ad valorem, and on salmon and all other fish prepared or preserved from 25 to 30 per cent. ad valorem. The act is to take effect in thirty days after its approval.

Boutelle says in reference to this bill that the so-called retaliatory provision recently added by Congress to the shipping bill, however proper and justifiable, will not be regarded with much concern by the Canadians as they do not care much for the privilege of purchasing bait or supplies in our ports. He proposes therefore, to deal with the fishery question practically, by terminating the free importation of fish and increasing the import duties on all fish, thus compelling the Canadians to pay more for the privilege of selling their fish in the United States.

THE CONDITION OF BATOCHE.

There is at present staying at the Hotel Du Canada in this city a man who, if not personally famous, bears a name which Canadians will never willingly let die. Xavier Batoche, who gave his name to the village at which rebellion made its last stand, is a middle-aged, stoutly-built and very swarthy half-breed. He is in the city on business connected with trading, and has come directly from Batoche. He reports everything quiet there. Although the desolation wrought in the settlement by the rebellion has disappeared, and will not for years to come, a start has been made towards bringing the district back to its old condition. The half-breeds who after the battle of Batoche fled to other settlements are beginning to return and cultivate the farms they deserted. Some of the more ignorant, however, are still afraid to come back, fearing their arrest for participation in the revolt. Mr. Batoche said there was no further talk about fighting either among the half-breeds or the Indians, and if the Government continued to aid the poorer settlers until they once more got on their feet everything would be all right.—Free Press.

—Fire crackers, rockets, Roman candles, wheels, etc., for sale at The Progress store.

—A limited number of White Lesh-on eggs for sitting can be obtained at The Progress office.

Commercial Hotel,

QU'APPELLE.

CHAS. McDOUGALL, Prop.

THIS House has been refurnished and renovated and will afford good accommodation to the travelling public.

RATES \$1 PER DAY or \$4 PER WEEK.

Pool Table in the Bar-room.

Good Stabling in connection.

Liberics,

DOOLITTLE'S LIVERY

Feed and Sale Stable,
QU'APPELLE ST.

Single and Double Rigs for Hire.

FREIGHTING A SPECIALTY

ALL KINDS OF COAL

kept constantly on hand at the Lowest Prices.

Cash Paid for Hides & Skins
QU'APPELLE.

L. W. MULHOLLAND

LIVERY,

Feed and Sale Stable
For First Class Rigs.

Daily Mail Stage to Fort Qu'Appelle.
QU'APPELLE STATION.

Harnessmaker.

Harness & Saddlery

The undersigned wishes to inform the public of Qu'Appelle and vicinity that he has now on hand the

Largest & Best Assorted Stock
West of Brandon

CONSISTING OF

Harness, Saddles, Whips

BELLS, BLANKETS,

Circles, Combs and Brushes.

ALL KINDS & SIZES OF

Trunks and Valises.

Agent for Carriage & Buggy Tops

Just received, a fine stock of

ENGLISH SADDLES

REMEMBER THE PLACE

Pioneer Harness Shop

QU'APPELLE.

JOHN B. MILLIKEN.

Miscellaneous.

THOMSON & NELSON

FORWARDERS.

AND DEALERS IN

Lumber, Lath, Shingles

DOORS, SASH

Building Paper, etc

Office West of C.P.R. Station.

QU'APPELLE.

BRANCH at FORT QU'APPELLE.

A. S. EMPEY,

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

QU'APPELLE.

GEORGE H. V. BULYEA,

Insurance & General Agent,

AND DEALER IN

Flour, Oats, Bran, Shorts, Oatmeal, Cracked
Wheat, Graham Flour, etc., etc.

Four different grades of Flour at Mill Prices.

QU'APPELLE, N W T

THE LELAND HOUSE.

QU'APPELLE STATION.

Love & Raymond,

PROPRIETORS.

Rebuilt, Enlarged, Renovated, Everything
New and First-Class Throughout.

SUITS FOR FAMILIES.

TERMS MODERATE.

S. H. CASWELL,

GENERAL STORE,

BANK,

POST OFFICE,

Qu'Appelle Station.

The Canada North-West Land Co.
(LIMITED.)

Offer for Sale

SELECTED FARM LANDS

in Manitoba and the North-West Territories,

Near the Canadian Pacific Railway Main Line

A large proportion of this Company's Lands is in thickly settled Districts.

For information, Prices and Maps, apply at the offices of the Company, 14 Castle street, Edinburgh, Scotland; 75 Lombard street, London, England; 1st Main street, Winnipeg, Manitoba.

W. B. SCARTH

MANAGING DIRECTOR FOR CANADA.

Canadian Pacific Railway Town Lots.

THE TOWN SITE TRUSTEES OFFER FOR SALE

Building Sites at all Stations on Main Line of above Railway
Between Brandon and Calgary

W. B. SCARTH, Trustee.

AGENT IN QU'APPELLE FOR LANDS AND TOWN LOTS.

LESLIE GORDON.

NEW GOODS - NEW GOODS

AT J. P. BEAUCHAMP'S.

Call and Examine our Stock consisting of

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING,

Gents' Furnishings, Boots & Shoes,

FURS OF ALL KINDS

Hardware, Groceries, Crockery, Glassware, etc.

Our Stock is now complete in the above Lines, and our Prices will compare favorably with any other house in the North-West.

Give us a Call and see for yourself.

J. P. BEAUCHAMP.

QUEEN'S HOTEL

OF THE

TOWN OF QU'APPELLE.

The Leading House in the West.

JOHNSTON & DAVIDSON

PROPRIETORS

FURNITURE. FURNITURE.

HAVING LATELY SECURED

Two Cars of First Class Furniture!

I am prepared to meet the wants of all my customers in this line

AT PRICES THAT DEFY COMPETITION.

GIVE ME A CALL.

BABY CARRIAGES IN STOCK.

Having secured the services of a FIRST CLASS CABINET MAKER, I am now prepared to do Varnishing, Staining, etc.

GEO. H. V. BULYEA, Qu'Appelle.

SPICY! PITHY! NEWSY!

THE

Qu'Appelle Progress

IS PUBLISHED

Every Friday Morning,

AT THE OFFICE, QU'APPELLE STATION.

SIX PAGES. THIRTY COLUMNS

Subscription \$1.00 a Year Invariably in Advance

More Reading for Less Money than any
other Paper in the North West.

THE

Book & Job Printing

DEPARTMENT

EXECUTES

Every Description of Printing

NEATLY, CHEAPLY & QUICKLY.

AN ORIGINAL CHARADE.

BY A TRAVELLER JUST FROM ENGLAND.

Four letters make me, but I am
Not what I seem to be;
But have me, and I really am,
The thing you then will see.

Me other half you often hear,
When putting down a name;
Cut off my head, and with some care
I'm much enjoyed by boys!

Cut off both head and tail, and then
You'll utter, with surprise,
An exclamation of delight
At that which insects your eyes!

But if my tail you cut away,
My first three letters sound
An Eastern Monarch's title high;
My whole now have you found.

THE CONTEST OF NATURE AND INDUSTRY.

In all new and undeveloped countries the progress of civilization, settlement and development, carries with it an unceasing contest between nature and industry, with the victory assured to the latter. As the aboriginal residents of a country have as a rule to be exterminated in some manner or other, or so swallowed up, in the invading races who bring progress and civilization with them, only the useful, practical and teachable points of the disappearing race being preserved or incorporated and blended with the manners, customs and aims of their successors; so nature the aboriginal queen of a new continent has to be dealt with in a similar manner. The foolish and wanton method of complete extermination cannot be adopted, but the work of bringing her into thorough subjection has to be unrelenting, and often her wild charms have to give way to less attractive usefulness, and her eccentricities and caprices have to be conquered and in a great measure regulated by the guiding power of the hand of industry.

The whole continent of North America during its history of nearly four hundred years, or since the white races first landed upon its shores, furnishes proof of this incessant contest, and each wave of settlement which has rolled westward from the Atlantic coast furnishes its chapter in the history of this work of progress. Thus the first wave, starting westward from the island of San Salvador, though it furnishes a bloody chapter, clothed as it is with the blood of an exterminated Caribee race, carried the elements of progress and civilization with it. Further north another wave swept westward across the lower Mississippi carrying also with it its conquering power over wild nature, but unfortunately weighed down and hampered with the curse of a slavery which marred and in many instances blackened its otherwise brilliant record. The northern wave which rolled from the Quebec coast up the valley of the St. Lawrence and along the northern shores of the great chain of lakes, until at the western extremity of Lake Superior industry's progress was barred by that vast tract of volcanic chaos, the stern and unproductive wilderness of which seemed for over a hundred years to prevent an entrance being made to the vast fertile land beyond, where industry was offered unbounded reward.

But the most progressive tide of industry which has rolled westward over this continent is that which lingered long on the eastern bank of the Ohio River, but once it crossed that Rubicon of civilization it seemed to sweep with irresistible force onward until now it is barred only by the peaks of the Rocky Mountains, and the swell of another wave like itself coming from the Pacific shore. To this stream of settlement, progress and conquest of industry over nature's wildness that which is now rolling westward from the Red River valley of the north bears a very strong resemblance. In the first place the soil and topographical features of those two stretches of country are very similar, any existing advantages being on the side of the Canadian Northwest. Through the province of Manitoba we have the heavy soil of the Red and Assiniboine valleys, richer as a rule than that of Indiana, blending as we move westward into a lighter, like that of Michigan and Eastern Illinois. Westward through Assiniboia we the same black and brown loam of western Illinois and Iowa, and

when we cross the South Saskatchewan, Missouri of the Northwest, we pass through the uplands of Alberta closely resembling in soil Nebraska and Eastern Colorado, and reach a halt under the shadow of the peaks of the Rocky Mountains.

In the second place the drawbacks as well as the advantages nature has furnished are about the same in these two stretches of fertile country. In the Northwest we have now the irregularity in the supply of moisture the occasional early frost, and the less frequent summer frosts. The old farmers of Illinois can remember the periodical years of drought, the nipping early frost with its injury to crops all most repeated, and other damaging frosts of nature. There are thousands of people in Western Iowa still free from gray hairs who have passed through all these tantalizing mishaps in that state, and beyond the Missouri the frontier agriculturalist has still to struggle with them, though they are becoming less troublesome to him every year that passes. In the Canadian Northwest the same conquest of industry over nature is going on. In the province of Manitoba, where there has been considerable settlement and wide cultivation, the year of drought has passed away not to return, and periodical rains are as certain, though by no means so disastrous as in eastern portions of this continent. The summer frost has gone also, and the occasional early autumn frost will soon follow it. But as we go westward and the belt of settlement and cultivation tapers off the progress in the conquest of nature, and particularly the regulation of moisture and temperature is correspondingly less. There is therefore still a vast tract of country in the Canadian Northwest over which rude nature holds almost undisputed sway, and where for a time she may practice her eccentricities in other matters. But tantalizing as these may at times be to the frontier agriculturalist, the capricious dame has never in that region displayed her wildest forms of wrath, or has ushered in death or devastation by tornado or cyclone, as she so frequently does in more southern latitudes.

When there is so much similarity between the country from the Ohio River to the Rocky Mountains, and that from the Red River to the same great range, there is every likelihood of the progress of settlement and development of the latter resembling that of the former, for it is the same race who are leaders in this conquest over nature here, which have headed it through the Middle States. One hundred years ago the population west of the Ohio River and north of the 40th parallel of north latitude was no greater, if as great as the present population west of the Red River and north of the 49th parallel. During that century the steamboat, the locomotive, the telegraph and other appliances of modern progress have been invented, and it is only during the latter half of it that these have been making their way into general use. To-day that portion of the United States we refer to contains at least 25,000,000 out of the 55,000,000 people in the great republic, or quite as many as its entire population numbered thirty years ago. Here in the Canadian Northwest we have a country equally as large and equally as rich in natural resources, capable of supporting 150,000,000 of a population, but with less than 200,000 now scattered over it. During more than half of the past hundred years the lands of the Central Western States were closed to settlers, but at present lands are open to them all over the Canadian Northwest, and for one year's rent of a two hundred acre farm in England the tenant can secure the ownership of a larger one, and have sufficient funds to erect a home and start financially easy into farming in his new home. Already the whole country is sparsely from east to west by a trunk line of railway reaching from the Atlantic to the Pacific and by the close of the present year it will have nearly 1,000 miles of branch lines feeding it, the telegraph now follows its message all over the prairie, and along

the great rivers and on the lakes which are only inland seas the whistle of the steamboat resounds. Starting from this advantageous point, it may well be asked, will it take one hundred years to wage this conquest of industry over wild nature until 25,000,000 settlers prosper over these rich prairies, as it did from the Ohio westward? The indications are that it will not take one quarter of that time, but if limited to that rate of progress the Northwest would in ten years contain a population of nearly 3,000,000, and in twenty years more people than all Canada has at present, surely there is no limit to the ambition of him who will cast in his lot in the development of this country, which the late Lord Beaconsfield fitly named "the land of illimitable possibility."—The Emigrant.

The flour milling industry is reaching heavy figures already in our Northwest, there being one hundred and thirty mills, a goodly number of them of the roller process. The whole tendency of the day is forward, and people will not now care the quality of flour their forefathers carried from the ancient grist mill door. The most approved machinery and scientific research are being brought to work upon the wheat berry, and the saving in manufacture and improvement in product would have been thought impossible a generation ago. That there is a vast field for the rolls here is evident when one thinks that for twelve hundred miles northwest of Winnipeg hard wheat can be grown to perfection, and that the mills must come to the wheat, and not the reverse.

Rail, June 3.—A big boom is starting here, as the Government have commenced to spend their million dollar grant for bridging the Bow River and cutting a road from the hot springs to the station. From there it is proposed to extend to Devil's Lake. A large number of men are already at work. The Black Diamond coal mine Co. has started taking out coal, and are putting a number of men on. The Northwest Coal and Navigation company are taking out a large amount of mining timber. A post-office has been opened under the management of Mr. Woodworth. Mr. J. D. Moulton's Park Hotel is being rapidly extended, and a large number of guests are sojourners at his comfortable quarters. There are two more hotels at the springs doing a fair business. For health and scenery, Banff is unsurpassed on the continent, and is bound to be a popular resort for invalids and tourists.

ANGELIC CHURCH.

ST. PETER'S, QU'APPELLE.
Sunday Services, 11 and 12 o'clock (7 p.m.) every Sunday. Holy Communion once a fortnight. Sunday School at half past 11 o'clock (2.30 p.m.) Week day's and Saint's days as announced.

OUTRIDGE CHURCH.
Holy Communion, 8 o'clock every fortnight. Daily Morning and Evening prayer. See church notice.
Service at 11 o'clock every 3rd Sunday.

BALCONIC.
Service at 11 o'clock every 2nd Sunday.
CLERGO.
Rev. F. W. Kelly, Rev. W. E. Browne.
Notices of Baptism, Marriage or Burials may be addressed to the College, or to Leslie Gordon Esq. (churchwarden.)

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.
Rev. A. Hamilton, D. A.

Services every Sunday evening at 10 o'clock (7 p.m.) Bible class meets at 10 o'clock (2 p.m.)

INDIAN MISSION.
Services at Indian Head once every Sabbath, morning at 10 o'clock and evening at 10 o'clock (7 p.m.) alternately.

METHODIST CHURCH.
Rev. T. Lawson.

Service every Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock (7 p.m.) Sunday School at half past 11 o'clock (2.30 p.m.) Class meeting every Sunday morning at 11 o'clock. Prayer meeting every Wednesday evening at half past 10 o'clock (7.30 p.m.)

ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH.
Rev. L. Lebert, O. M. I.

Service every alternate Sunday in the Immaculate Conception at 10.30 o'clock.

ROYAL TEMPLARS.
QU'APPELLE CHURCH.

Regular meetings in the Methodist church every Monday evening at 20 o'clock (8 p.m.) Rev. T. Lawson, Sec.; J. W. Peters, Sec.

MASONIC.
QU'APPELLE LODGE.

Regular meetings on the Tuesday, on or before the 1st, at 20 o'clock (8 p.m.) James Weidman, W. M.; S. S. Nelson, Sec.

LAKE VIEW RESORT!

(The Original Qu'Appelle.)

RECREATION!

The undersigned is fitting up his grounds and premises at

Little Long Lake,

About five miles from the Town of Qu'Appelle, with all the appliances required for

BOATING, BASE BALL, CHOCQUET, QUOTTS AND SWINGING.

And any party or parties desiring of a day's outing within half an hour's drive, will find every arrangement made for their comfort and pleasure.

REFRESHMENTS AT ALL HOURS.

An invitation is extended to one and all to make a trip to Lake View Resort on and after May 24th, which will be the opening day.

Qu'Appelle, April 23, 1886.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE CHEAP.

APPLY TO A. C. PATERSON, Qu'Appelle

Blacksmith,

J. McEWAN, General Blacksmith,

Carriage and Wagon Shop QU'APPELLE.

Horse Shoeing a Specialty.

All kinds of Job Work receives careful and prompt attention.

Blacksmith's Coal & Iron

FOR SALE.

—PLOUGHSHARES MADE TO ORDER—

By an experienced plough-maker.

WORK DONE CHEAP FOR CASH.

T. WELSH, General Blacksmith,

QU'APPELLE.

From the very liberal patronage he has received since starting business here, feels constrained to return thanks for past patronage, and respectfully solicits a continuance of the same as well as new business.

Particular attention paid to HORSE-SHOEING, especially where extra care is required, as in the case of lame feet.

Gunsmiting and other repairing requiring neatness carefully attended to.

Qu'Appelle Roller Mills,

We beg to announce that our Roller Mills at Qu'Appelle Station, are now

in operation, and that we are prepared to supply the Farmers of the Municipality of Qu'Appelle, with Flour,

Bran and Shorts, in exchange for

Wheat on the most liberal terms.

We are also prepared to Chop Barley and Oats for Feed.

We will pay the following prices for wheat delivered at Mill: No 1 Hard

75 cents, No. 2 Hard 70 cents, No. 1

Northern 70 cents, No. 2 Northern

65 cents. These prices are higher

than the prices paid on any other

market in Manitoba or the North

West Territories.

D. H. McMillan & Bro.

If U want a Sewing Machine, Organ or

Piano, consult

JAMES WEIDMAN, Agent.

J. F. GUERIN, L.D.S.,

DENTAL SURGEON.

Will visit the undermentioned towns professionally.

MOOSOMIN (Queen's Hotel) the first Wednesday, Thursday and Friday in each month.

GREENFELD (Grand Union Hotel) the third Friday in each month.

QU'APPELLE (Queen's Hotel) the fourth Tuesday and Wednesday in each month.

FORT QU'APPELLE (Smith's Hotel) the fourth Thursday and Friday in each month.

Artificial Teeth fitted in gold, vulcanite or celluloid.

Children's Teeth regulated.

Sitrous Oxide Gas given for the painless extraction of teeth.

OFFICE—WHITEWOOD, N.W.T.

A. HOLLINGSHEAD, PAINTER.

HOUSE SIGN AND CARRIAGE PAINTING, GRADING,

Glazing, Paper hanging, Kalsomining, &c

All work neatly and promptly executed.

Office, Walsh St. Qu'Appelle.

Russell & Davis,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in BEEF, PORK,

MUTTON, SAUSAGE, HAMS, BACON, ETC.

Beef Cattle & Hogs ALWAYS ON HAND.

Terms Strictly Cash

QU'APPELLE STATION.

BRANCH—FT. QU'APPELLE.

QU'APPELLE

Stove and Tin Depot.

E. WISMER

While returning thanks for past patronage, would direct attention to a large stock of

Stoves and Tinware

My Stores are from the best manufacturers, and were selected to meet the requirements of the Northwest trade.

QU'APPELLE STATION.

Carpenter.

J. B. ROBINSON

Contractor, Builder,

ETC., ETC.

QU'APPELLE.

All Work in my Line will Receive Careful Attention.

The NorWest Farmer

Wants Manitoba

And the North West

TO YIELD A GREATER RETURN TO THE FARMER.

We are doing our best to bring about this happy state of affairs, and want the help of every intelligent man in the prairie provinces.

THE NOR'-WEST FARMER

AND MANITOBA MILLER,

Is devoted to the interest and advancement of agriculture on the prairies of Canada.

It is filled each issue to running over with information, facts and practical experiences relating solely to the best methods of prairie farming in all its branches. It is for this reason invaluable to the farmers and stockmen of the country, while its Household and children's department presided over by a lady, makes it a most interesting companion at the fireside for the "good wife and bairns."

HELP ALONG OUR GOOD WORK

By Sending in Your Subscription.

Only \$1 00 per Year

To everyone who subscribes before February 1st, we will give free a copy of the great home companion, "Home and Health," a book of 400 pages, brim full of useful, curious and interesting information.

Write to the office of publication for a copy of the great premium list for this winter, or better still subscribe and receive the published list.

THE NOR'-WEST FARMER PRINTING AND PUBLISHING CO. (Ld.)

WM. CLARK, C. B. KEANESLYDE, Editor. Sec.-Treas.

We have made arrangements with the publishers of the above 32-page journal to club it with THE QU'APPELLE TIMES. The regular subscription price of the two is \$2.00, but by the clubbing arrangement we are enabled to offer both for \$1.75 for one year.

Rapid City Ripples.

—The old poplar poles on the telegraph line through here are being replaced by cedar ones.

—Mr. Robert Butchart, son of Mr. D. Butchart of this place will have charge of a branch drug store to be opened shortly in Neepawa by Mr. J. K. Patton, the Minnecola druggist.

—James Deaty, M. P., has been notified by the Government that his deposit in connection with the N. W. Central Railway is insufficient and now a company will have to be incorporated to build the road. It is reported that Woodworth, M. P., and Macdonald, contractor, have each offered to form a syndicate to construct the road.

—The vote of Saskatchewan on the \$10,000 bonus for a roller process flouring mill and woolen mill resulted in a vote of 100 for and 37 against. George McCulloch & Co. will commence the erection of the mill at once, and will utilize the water power afforded by the Saskatchewan River.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of cutting teeth? If so send at once and get a bottle of "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers; there is no mistake about it. It cures Dysentery and Diarrhoea, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, cures Wind Colic, softens the Gums, reduces Inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething is pleasant to the taste and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

Marriage Licenses.

J. MIMMACK

ISSUER OF

MARRIAGE LICENSES,
RAPID CITY

David Butchart,
TAILOR,
Next Door to Standard Office,
Rapid City.

New Suits made, Repairing and Cutting done on the shortest notice.

CHARSS & NELLES.

Attorneys, Solicitors, Notaries,
Conveyancers, etc.

SECOND AVENUE, RAPID CITY.
MONEY TO LOAN.

ALFRED CARRE. R. A. NELLES.



TENDERS.

SEALED TENDERS, marked "For Mounted Police Provisions and Light Supplies," and addressed to the Honorable the President of the Privy Council, Ottawa, will be received up to Noon on WEDNESDAY, 30th June.

Printed forms of tenders, containing full information as to the articles and approximate quantities required, may be had on application at any of the Mounted Police Posts in the North West, or at the office of the undersigned.

No tender will be received unless made on such printed forms.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted Canadian Bank Cheque for an amount equal to ten per cent. of the total value of the articles tendered for, which will be forfeited if the party declines to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or if he fails to complete the service contracted for. If the tender is not accepted the cheque will be returned.

No payment will be made to newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority.

FRED WHITE, Comptroller.

Ottawa, May 18, 1888.

—Fire works of all kinds at THE PROGRESS STORE.

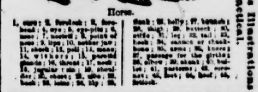
CONSUMPTION CURED.

An old physician, retired from practice, having placed in his hands by an East Indian missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma and all throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellow-men. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this recipe, in German, French or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W.A. NOYES, 119 Power's Block, Rochester, N.Y.

WEBSTER'S PRACTICAL

Probably all of our readers have occasion to use a dictionary every day. In some cases words cannot be correctly spelled, in others the pronunciation is difficult to make, and in many cases the meaning is not understood. This is true not only of children and foreigners, but of many of the more intelligent as well; and every one who attempts to do without Webster's Practical Dictionary is liable to do without one of the most useful and important of all books.

Webster's Practical is an entirely new work by this editor and publisher of Webster's Unabridged and contains more than twice the amount of matter and illustrations ever before offered for the price.



It also embodies several entirely new features which render it pre-eminent to such a degree that for general reference in every household, it will not pay to use any other. It contains more than twice as much matter as any other work of the kind, and is a treasure-house of information. It is a work of art, and a work of genius. It is a work of art, and a work of genius. It is a work of art, and a work of genius.

SPECIAL OFFERS

1st. Webster's Practical Dictionary will be sent postpaid as a present to any person who will send us FIVE new subscribers to THE QU'APPELLE PROGRESS for one year at \$1.00 in advance.

2d. We will give THE PROGRESS one year and the Dictionary for \$1.75.

LYMAN'S

WINE OF BEEF & IRON,

COMBINES

Nourishment of Beef,

THE

Stimulant of Wine,

AND THE

TONIC PROPERTIES OF IRON.

It has the GENUINE BEEF FLAVOR so modified with a Really Good Wine as to adapt it to the most delicate digestion.

Each pint contains the soluble matter of TWO POUNDS OF BEEF free from fat or bone.

It is an Unequalled Restorative in all cases of Impaired Nutrition, Enfeebled Digestion, Poverty of the Blood, Weakness, Laughter, General Debility. Those who have suffered from Fevers and other wasting diseases find it Most VALUABLE.

Physicians, in prescribing, should specify LYMAN'S in order to secure for their patients the best article of the kind to be had.

It only requires to be once tasted to ensure its preference over all imitations.



TENDERS.

SEALED TENDERS, marked "Tender for Oats," and addressed to the Commissioner N. W. M. Police, Regina, N. W. T., will be received up to noon on Saturday, the 12th June, for furnishing five thousand bushels Oats, to be delivered at the G. P. R. Station, Regina, not later than 30th June.

Oats to be delivered in gunny sacks to be furnished by the contractor without extra charge and to be retained by the Police.

Samples of Oats to accompany tenders.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted Canadian Bank cheque for an amount equal to ten per cent. of the total value of the Oats tendered for, which will be forfeited if the party declines to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or if he fails to complete the service contracted for. If the tender is not accepted the cheque will be returned.

No payment will be made to newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority.

FRED WHITE, Comptroller, N. W. M. Police, Ottawa, 20th May, 1888.

If U want a Sewing Machine, Organ or Piano, consult

JAMES WEIDMAN,
Agent.

OUR FAMILY KNITTING MACHINES.

Recommended to be the BEST FAMILY KNITTING MACHINE IN USE.

A few of the many articles that can be made on our Family Machine are Underclothes, Traverses, Mitts, Hosiery, gloves, Caps, Collars, Ties—all these can be made any size.

OUR RIDDER IS PERFECTION.

Makes the Pearl Rib Stitch one and one-half, two, three and four, etc. perfect in elasticity, beautiful in appearance, more durable and perfect than Hand Knitting.

Our Machines make the only perfect seamless full fashioned.

HOSIERY IN THE WORLD.

With more stitches in the foot than in the ankle, Knits the coarsest Farmer's Yarn, Cotton, Silk, or Thread.

Kind girls can knit and finish one down pair of socks in one day, and \$2.00, \$3.00 and \$4.00 can be easily made in one day.

Send for Descriptive Catalogue and Testimonials from the Blind.

CREELMAN BROS.,
GEORGETOWN, ONT.

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

BOOK AND JOB PRINTING.

Executed at the office of

The Qu'Appelle Progress.

The Dominion Organ and Piano Co.



Has the largest and most complete factory in the Dominion—1504155.

Eighty Excess over Awarded to any other in the World.

Medals and Diplomas at Centennial, 1877.

Medals and Diplomas at Sydney, Australia, 1877.

Gold Medal at Philadelphia, 1876.

Gold Medal at Industrial Exhibition, Toronto, 1879.

WE ARE NOW MANUFACTURING SQUARE AND UPRIGHT PIANOS.

BEST IN THE MARKET.

Correspondence Solicited. Send for Illustrated Catalogue, mailed free. Address

DOMINION ORGAN AND PIANO COMPANY, BURLINGTON, ONT.

FURS AND SKINS

I will pay the highest Cash Price for Furs and Skins. Send for Price List.

G. W. GOERNFLO,
HAMILTON, CANADA.



READING MATTER.

New Books Just Received,

The Lovell & English Libraries,
HYMNS, ANCIENT & MODERN.

CHURCH SERVICES, PRAYER BOOKS.

PRESBYTERIAN HYMN BOOKS.

ALBUMS.

PICTURE FRAMES, ETC.

CASH BOXES.

BLANK FORMS, &c.,

CAN BE HAD AT

THE PROGRESS STORE.

STATIONERY.

The Stock at

The Progress Store

Will be found to contain almost everything required in the above line.

The Stock was selected with the view of meeting all the wants of the public at the most reasonable prices.

SCHOOL BOOKS

AT THE PROGRESS STORE.

We will sell school requisites of all kinds at

Prices that Defy Competition

From other Towns.

THE PROGRESS STORE

Will be found to contain a well selected stock of

BOOKS, STATIONERY

FANCY GOODS,

Which we will sell at the

THE MOST REASONABLE PRICES

TWO DOLLARS

PAID IN ADVANCE WILL SECURE

THE WEEKLY MANITOBIAN

One of the Best Family Newspapers in the Dominion, for one year.

The Weekly Manitoban

Is a twelve-page, well edited paper, and gives the weekly news record, embracing

Latest Cable Intelligence,

Canadian News in Detail,

And the most complete record to be found anywhere of the

News of Manitoba and the Northwest.

This last department has been made a strong feature of the paper.

In addition,

The Family Department

Embraces an interesting serial, general reading for leisure, merriment, chat, and valuable household topics. New features lately introduced are the

Medical, Veterinary & Legal Departments,

Conducted by skilled practitioners, who are prepared to give FREE OF CHARGE, through the columns of THE MANITOBIAN, answers to professional questions that may be sent them. In a new country like this, with so many remote from the convenience of one-shuffled extra numbers, these departments cannot fail to prove of great value, and to be worth every penny of the subscription to the paper. Two issues for medical, veterinary, and legal advice during the year, with a first class newspaper thrown in, is a good investment.

Editorially,

The paper will be kept to a high standard, and will be found a firm advocate of the true interests of Manitoba and the Northwest, and of the same time, giving a high class of Conservative party.

Address,

The Business Manager,

Manitoban Office,

Winnipeg, Man.

HOME & GOSSIP.

QU'APPELLE.

—Heat and thunder showers prevailed.

—Building operations continue unabated.

—The carpenters and painters are doing a rushing business.

—A wholesale and retail druggist talks of locating here.

—Another butcher shop for Qu'Appelle is being started.

—Mr. Gray's fine matched team of gray horses that have been astray for some time were found about forty miles northwest of here.

—Mr. S. H. Collins, boot and shoemaker, will occupy one of the stores in Mr. C. Gibson's new building.

—The late Empire saloon building next door south of Mr. A. S. Empey's store will be opened as a butcher shop to-morrow (Saturday.)

—Casual visitors to Qu'Appelle always express their surprise at the growth of the town. The new substantial buildings going up in different places.

—Mrs. Empey, Miss Empey, Miss Helene Empey, mother and sisters of Messrs. A. S. and A. R. Empey of this place, have taken up their residence in Qu'Appelle.

—His old friends here will be pleased to hear that Mr. M. A. McLean has been elected mayor of the new city of Vancouver on the Pacific coast terminus of the C. P. R.

—Any person wanting to buy a good half-section improved, with plenty of both wood and water, will find a bargain by inquiring at THE PROGRESS OFFICE.

—No one opens out a new business in Qu'Appelle, but gets all he can do. Within a fortnight Mr. C. C. Bailey opened a watchmaker and jewelry business here, and now he has all he can do.

—Mr. S. H. Caswell is having his large store on the corner of Qu'Appelle and Railway streets, repainted and otherwise much improved in appearance. Large signs have been placed on top along the front and west side of the building.

—The crops in this vicinity are looking well. There are fields here and there where the wheat is showing a slight yellow tinge, chiefly on account of the use of bad seed. In general the growth promises well, and everything indicates a bountiful harvest.

—The Methodist Sunday School of this place will hold a basket picnic at Little Long Lake, Mr. E. Daniels' Lake View Resort, on Wednesday, the 23rd inst. Teams will be provided to take out the children and all who wish to go free of charge, each family to provide their own eatables. All are invited.

—At the Leland: Jas. Brown, Fred K. Gibson, C. A. Bolton, Regina; Major Wilson, A. Battery, Moose Jaw; Joshua Sanders, Brandon; W. Sutcliffe, J. Collings, M. D., J. G. Stewart, Fort Qu'Appelle; Thomas Drury, New York; L. Steinhold, A. F. McKenzie, J. Ripstein, James Y. Griffin, Winnipeg; G. J. Todd, Indian Head; Louis Couture, Touchwood; W. A. Dier, London.

—On Tuesday last we received a letter mailed at Wolsley on the 20th of April. It was correspondence for THE PROGRESS, but the matter is now too stale. We would like to know where it has been in the interval. We mailed a letter here on the 19th of May addressed to Regina which has not reached its destination yet. Curious.

—We would suggest that some steps be taken to protect our merchants and business men against peddlars and hucksters who come to town and take orders or peddle their goods to the injury of the trade of those who are located in town, occupy buildings, and carry large stocks. They should be compelled to pay license, and in any event should be given a wide berth by our citizens. As a rule they represent themselves as selling cheaply, but usually their goods are dear at any price.

—We drove out to Lake View Resort on Saturday last, and were surprised at the beauty of the drive, and the view of the sheet of water lying in the valley that forms the basin of Little Long Lake. We took a row in one of Mr. E. Daniels' boat, and found it agreeable exercise. Lake view is a pleasant spot for picnic, or private parties camping out for a day or two, and when the close season is past will be a great place for shooting ducks.

—At the Queen's: J. H. Holman, J. McGinn, H. J. McMillan, F. H. Lyon, J. M. Macdonald, Winnipeg; M. V. Drake, Sarnia Ont.; Mrs. Hawkey, Fort Qu'Appelle; D. Carter Port Arthur; J. J. Livingstone, W. A. Milot, Montreal; S. D. McNaughton, J. G. McDermott, Guelph; Mrs. Sloan, London; J. O. Boyle, Moose Jaw; J. H. Smith, R. Housley, Wm. Cluston, Regina; J. A. C. Blackwood and wife Qu'Appelle Valley; Jas. White, Toronto; G. H. Johnston, London, England; Geo. Ross, McLean.

—Although it was reported that "P" Battery was to be ordered east, nothing definite is known here yet as to their removal. It would indeed be a great mistake to order them east just now. The presence of an armed force of artillery in the Northwest is a wholesome deterrent to reckless spirits among the Indians, and as the stream of immigration is now flowing into our country, they should be retained here at least for the season, to inspire confidence among such newcomers as may be timid for want of a knowledge of the true state of affairs, especially after having heard of the rebellion of last year, and being perhaps somewhat apprehensive in consequence.

—Mr. Thos. Wright insinuates in his correspondence that Mr. A. M. McLean had "a good deal to do with the connecting" of the paragraph in which THE PROGRESS criticized the actions of the municipal council of South Qu'Appelle. We wish to inform Mr. Wright and the public generally that we allow no one to assist us in "connecting" any of our articles or paragraphs. In reference to our article we wish to say that we could obtain at the time very little satisfactory information as to the affairs of the Council, and we wrote from what information we could get and contrary to the inclination of the chairman, Mr. A. M. McLean. Mr. Wright's letter in reply brought out considerable information, and Mr. McLean's letter gave still more. Mr. Wright gave one side of the story and Mr. McLean the other, both being the result of our paragraph. We think it would have been well had the subject dropped at that.

ELLISBORO.

—Political discussions are quite common now but are very good natured so far.

—Mr. J. H. Ellis has gone for a visit to his old home in Ontario. Wonder what's up this time?

—Crops are looking very well in vicinity, but were beginning to suffer for want of rain before our shower on Tuesday. The farmers hope there is more to follow soon.

—It seems Wolsley Municipality is to have a grist mill after all. J. P. Dill appears to have had things his own way. The municipal Council are being severely criticised for their management of the mill matters.

BROADVIEW.

—Foot ball seems the favorite game.

—There is an opening for a Doctor here.

—The Yorkton Co. have received their medals.

—Crops are looking well and are very forward.

—Mr. Palmer, paunchant, is enlarging his store.

—Broadview will celebrate Dominion Day, with races, sports, etc.

—The Indians on the reserve here held a sun dance on Monday of last week.

—The C. P. R. Dining Hall is being painted, etc. It is hoped it will be opened as soon as possible.

—The Masonic Lodge meets on Tuesday evening next in the Masonic Hall over Mr. J. P. Beauchamp's store.

The Long Lake Railway has been opened for traffic to Craven, a distance of twenty-five miles. About fifty Regina people took advantage of an invitation extended by Mr. G. R. Pugsley to take a trip to the end of the track. They returned about five p.m., in time to partake of a dinner at the Palmer House. Toasts were drunk, wishing success to Mr. Pugsley and his enterprise. Track laying will be completed to Long Lake shortly, when a boat will be put on the Lake opening up a new route to Battleford.

OUR TERMS.

We have placed our yearly subscription at the low rate of ONE DOLLAR, with the object of enforcing advance payment. We can much better afford to publish a paper at that price when we know that every paper going out is paid for, than if we took the chances of collecting accounts at a higher figure. Besides we will thus speedily secure a larger circulation, which will enhance the value of our advertising columns. So dear reader send us your name and a dollar, and get your neighbor to subscribe, and you will obtain full value for your money in interesting reading.

Qu'Appelle Lodge, U. D.,
G. R. M., A. F. & A. M.

REGULAR meeting on Tuesday evening, 18th inst. at 20 o'clock, (8 p. m.) General business. All brethren are invited.
S. S. NELSON, Sec.
JAMES WEIDMAN, W. M.

ASTRAY.

CAME into my premises Qu'Appelle, a black sow. The owner is requested to prove property, pay expenses and take her away.
L. W. MULHOLLAND,
Livery Stable.

Municipality South Qu'Appelle. NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the HERD BY-LAW comes into force on the 20th day of May, 1886.

By order,
A. C. PATTERSON, Clerk,
Qu'Appelle, May 20, 1886.

NOTICE. THE COURT OF REVISION

Municipality South Qu'Appelle, will be held at the Council Room, Queen's Hotel, Qu'Appelle, at the hour of 10 o'clock, June 12th, 1886.

By order,
A. C. PATTERSON, Clerk,
Qu'Appelle, May 20, 1886.

NEW BAKERY.

A. McKenzie,

QU'APPELLE STREET,
OPPOSITE THE PROGRESS OFFICE.

BREAD! FRUITS!

CONFECTIONERY, &c.

Constantly on hand.

Birthday and Bride's Cakes

A SPECIALTY.

THE Toronto Weekly Mail

THE MAIL

The great organ of the Conservative party of Canada, is recognized as a newspaper unsurpassed in all the requirements of a first-class newspaper. The Weekly Edition contains all the news of the week, both home and foreign, a story page, an agricultural page, a family page, etc. It is unsurpassed as an enterprising, pure and trustworthy general family newspaper. Our special clubbing terms bring it within the reach of all. Advertisers.

THE MAIL,
Toronto, Ontario, Canada

SPECIAL OFFER

To all subscribers to THE QU'APPELLE PROGRESS who desire it, we will furnish the WEEKLY MAIL for one year for 75 cents, making the price of both papers only \$1.25 for one year. An arrangement with the publishers enables us to do this. Take advantage of this chance.



Dominion Lands Government Intelligence Office.

APPLICATION FOR PATENTS CAN BE MADE AT THIS OFFICE, F. L. OSLER, Government Agent.

FOR SALE.

Ontario and Qu'Appelle Lands, many of them lying close to Qu'Appelle, on the C. P. R., at low prices, purchasers having the advantages of Churches, Schools, Daily Mail and good Stores, etc.,

MONEY TO LOAN.

THE NORTH OF SCOTLAND LOAN CO. will advance Money on Improved Lands. A number of Improved Farms at Edgley, Indian Head and Fort Qu'Appelle, to be disposed of.

Several choice STOCK SECTIONS close to Town can be purchased on reasonable terms. Those wishing for lists of Government Lands to Homestead, or Lands to purchase will apply at the office of

F. L. OSLER.

Qu'Appelle, May 13, 1886.

SOME IDEA OF THE IMPORTANCE

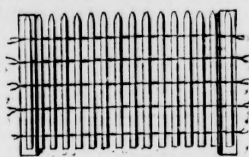
OF THE

PICKET WIRE FENCE

may be given by stating that over

50,000 MILES

were sold last year in Ohio, Indiana, Iowa, Missouri and Kansas.



The above cut represents our Combination Fence—pickets dressed and pointed.

THE PICKET WIRE FENCE

is the most suitable General Purpose Fence ever offered to the settlers of Manitoba and the Northwest.

Our Combination Fence is composed of Three, Four and Five Double Strands of the best Annealed Bessemer Steel Wire, firmly interwoven with Pickets at a uniform distance. The Pickets are supported by the double strands of wire in such a way that breakage is impossible, and the pickets cannot be pulled out, making a fence that will turn all stock without injury.

It is stronger and cheaper than a board fence, as the wood soon rots around the nails and needs constant repairs.

It is portable. No other fence has ever been offered which can be as easily removed or put up as this fence. The staples can be withdrawn and the fence rolled up and removed without injury.

Fields on short notice can be fenced temporarily, and the fence removed with little or no trouble. There is no other fence that will admit of this advantage.

With this fence to a great extent your fields, orchards, gardens, &c., will become private and well guarded.

It withstands all winds, and dries out quickly when wet, and if painted will last a lifetime.

It will not cause snow to drift.

Our Combination Fence is not only the best and cheapest, but its handsome appearance adds much to the value of any land it surrounds, which is acknowledged by all who see it.

It is certainly the strongest fence ever offered, as it cannot be broken, each picket being supported and secured with three or more double strands of wire; and more than this, the force of any concussion is broken by the spring of the wires; all the wires and pickets are so interwoven as to form a spring, and when drawn tight and properly put up sagging is absolutely impossible.

This fence is shipped in rolls of from two to six rods, and can be stretched complete in the same time that it takes to stretch one strand of barbed wire.

There are no barbs on this fence. The pickets used in its manufacture are made of clear dry elm, and range from three to four and a half feet in length. A three-foot picket makes an excellent fence for sheep and pigs, and the same length of picket, when raised twelve or eighteen inches from the ground, will turn cattle and horses effectively and without injury.

N.B.—We have made arrangements with the C. P. R. for a special low rate for freight on our fence.

Price List and information supplied on application at the Office of the General Agent, ROOM 19, 21 ADELAIDE ST. EAST, TORONTO, ONT., or to the General Agent for Manitoba and the Northwest,

F. GRUNDY, Fort Qu'Appelle Assa.

A reliable man wanted to act as agent at Qu'Appelle Station.

The Weekly Sun.

Arrangements are being made by the publishers of THE MANITOBA SUN for the publication of a Weekly Edition at an early date. The size of the paper will be Eight Pages of Seven Columns each—56 Columns in all—and the price will be placed at the very low figure of

\$1 50. Per annum, \$1 50.

Payable strictly in advance. The Weekly Edition will contain

The News of the Week.

Selected Miscellany.

An Interesting Serial

and Special Departments of Peculiar Interest to the Home Circle. No effort will be wanting to make our Weekly a welcome visitor everywhere.

Parties intending to subscribe are requested to send their names, with the price of subscription, to the office of

THE MANITOBA SUN,
12, MARKET STREET, E.,
WINNIPEG, MAN.